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00:00:00,300 --> 00:00:05,430
>> Amiko Kauderer: And here with us today we have Eric Van der Wal.

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00:00:05,430 --> 00:00:08,880
He is joining us here inside the International Space Station Flight Control Room.

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00:00:08,880 --> 00:00:15,350
Yesterday we spoke with Jerry Jason the flight director lead for the launch

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00:00:15,350 --> 00:00:18,710
of the automated transfer vehicle and so Eric is actually here.

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00:00:18,710 --> 00:00:22,690
He is with the European Space Agency, a program representative.

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00:00:22,690 --> 00:00:24,330
Thank you Eric and welcome.

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00:00:24,330 --> 00:00:25,050
>> Eric Van der Wal: Thank you.

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00:00:25,050 --> 00:00:32,430
>> Amiko: So everything now remains on track for the launch on the Ariane 5 rocket correct?

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00:00:32,430 --> 00:00:35,070
>> Eric: That's correct we're on track and we're green for launch tomorrow night.

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00:00:35,070 --> 00:00:39,350
>> Amiko: Great and so first let me just talk to you, we talked about operations as I mentioned,

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00:00:39,350 --> 00:00:42,860

we talked with Jerry Jason yesterday and
so now I would just like to talk a little

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00:00:42,860 --> 00:00:44,290

about yourself, tell me where you're from

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00:00:44,290 --> 00:00:47,980

and how did you make your way
to the European Space Agency?

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00:00:47,980 --> 00:00:50,090

>> Eric: Well I'm French.

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00:00:50,090 --> 00:00:53,060

My name is Eric Van der Wal.

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00:00:53,060 --> 00:00:57,850

I joined the European Space Agency in 1991.

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00:00:57,850 --> 00:01:05,040

Worked in operations, system development and
finally ended up after 20 years here in Houston

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00:01:05,040 --> 00:01:09,090

as a representative to the ISS program for ESA.

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00:01:09,090 --> 00:01:13,780

I've been doing this job now for 10 years.

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00:01:13,780 --> 00:01:20,470

I've been there from the beginning of the
development so [inaudible] Columbus laboratory

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00:01:20,470 --> 00:01:25,690

and all the payloads we have launched
ever since and truly enjoyed it.

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00:01:25,690 --> 00:01:26,150

>> Amiko: Great.

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00:01:26,150 --> 00:01:30,260
So now let's just go ahead and talk about as
the program representative what is your role

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00:01:30,260 --> 00:01:33,230
with the automated transfer vehicle 3?

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00:01:33,230 --> 00:01:38,770
>> Eric: The role with the ATV is very
similar to the generic role I have and that is

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00:01:38,770 --> 00:01:43,650
to provide a liaison function
in terms of program management

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00:01:43,650 --> 00:01:48,530
for all the interaction we
have with the ISS program

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00:01:48,530 --> 00:01:53,590
with the ATV being an integral part of the ISS.

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00:01:53,590 --> 00:02:02,180
The in the operations part I provide assistance
to the operations management functions we have

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00:02:02,180 --> 00:02:07,190
in Europe, during the flight and the
preparation for the flight of A3.

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00:02:07,190 --> 00:02:16,730
>> Amiko: Ok and tell me real quick what is the
significance of ATV3 this particular vehicle

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00:02:16,730 --> 00:02:20,530
as opposed to the others that have gone before?

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00:02:20,530 --> 00:02:23,250

>> Eric: Well this is the third vehicle in the series

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00:02:23,250 --> 00:02:26,810
of five vehicles which we're going to launch.

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00:02:26,810 --> 00:02:33,190
The importance of ATV for us is to have an independent access to the ISS

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00:02:33,190 --> 00:02:39,120
and this is something we achieve in combination with our launch of the Iron 5 in [inaudible].

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00:02:39,120 --> 00:02:43,070
It's politically an operation very important to us to have that access

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00:02:43,070 --> 00:02:48,900
and then secondly we're using the ATV flags as a payment in kind

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00:02:48,900 --> 00:02:54,800
to offset our common system operation costs which every partner shares on the ISS

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00:02:54,800 --> 00:02:59,110
and this flight will be a contribution to that offset.

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00:02:59,110 --> 00:03:02,220
>> Amiko: Ok and so talk to me a little bit about the naming convention,

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00:03:02,220 --> 00:03:05,890
it is Edoardo Amaldi how did we get that name?

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00:03:05,890 --> 00:03:13,900
>> Eric: We were trying to honor scientists or visionaries in Europe which have contributed

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00:03:13,900 --> 00:03:21,430

to the technical and scientific and cultural progress which Europe is going through

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00:03:21,430 --> 00:03:27,810

and for the first ATV we picked the name Jules Verne which is French order

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00:03:27,810 --> 00:03:31,950

and visionary which I think everybody knows.

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00:03:31,950 --> 00:03:40,490

The second ATV was chosen to be called Johannes Kepler a German astronomer and mathematician

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00:03:40,490 --> 00:03:45,260

which is very well known for his laws of planetary motion.

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00:03:45,260 --> 00:03:50,240

Now the third ATV is an Italian Edoardo Amaldi.

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00:03:50,240 --> 00:03:58,530

He is from the 20th century, passed away in 1989.

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00:03:58,530 --> 00:04:06,900

He was not only a nuclear physicist, he excelled and pioneered in the 1970s

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00:04:06,900 --> 00:04:14,750

when he was doing research on gravitational wave, but what was very important is

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00:04:14,750 --> 00:04:18,750

that similar to all the other ones they have in some way contributed

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00:04:18,750 --> 00:04:23,440
to the European space flight we
know today and Edoardo Amaldi

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00:04:23,440 --> 00:04:30,310
in the late 1950s actually was one of
the pioneers which came up with the idea

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00:04:30,310 --> 00:04:38,500
that we need to incorporate inside Europe
and create a joint agency for space flight,

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00:04:38,500 --> 00:04:42,320
which eventually became the
European Space Agency today.

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00:04:42,320 --> 00:04:43,620
>> Amiko: Wow fascinating.

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00:04:43,620 --> 00:04:48,170
So tell me a little more about the history,
you mentioned the naming, naming conventions

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00:04:48,170 --> 00:04:51,730
of the other two ATV vehicles
but can you explain to me some

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00:04:51,730 --> 00:04:57,510
of the you know how the development
came about and that sort of thing,

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00:04:57,510 --> 00:05:03,870
just some history of ATV vehicles.

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00:05:03,870 --> 00:05:08,940
>> Eric: We started with a project called
[inaudible] a very long time ago to think

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00:05:08,940 --> 00:05:14,380
about ATVs and having something

to provide resupply to the ISS,

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00:05:14,380 --> 00:05:19,260
not only to our Columbus module
and our payloads but something

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00:05:19,260 --> 00:05:22,450
which the entire station could make use of.

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00:05:22,450 --> 00:05:25,570
That's how the idea of the ATV was born.

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00:05:25,570 --> 00:05:34,280
The ATV itself is making use of hardware and
concepts which we have developed for MPLM

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00:05:34,280 --> 00:05:41,310
and the Columbus module so once the
ATV was born, we had to find a way

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00:05:41,310 --> 00:05:48,710
to meet the re-supply demands of the space
station and have a significant amount

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00:05:48,710 --> 00:05:53,330
of ATVs enough so that we could offset
our compensational operational costs.

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00:05:53,330 --> 00:05:57,630
That's how we ended up with the
number of ATVs we have today.

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00:05:57,630 --> 00:06:06,000
The first ATV flew in 2008
which is about four years ago.

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00:06:06,000 --> 00:06:09,980
We regularly try to fly an ATV once a year,

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00:06:09,980 --> 00:06:13,950

there needs to be at least
a year between the ATVs.

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00:06:13,950 --> 00:06:18,830

>> Amiko: Ok so explain to me you mentioned
the Columbus module just explain to me a little

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00:06:18,830 --> 00:06:24,930

about Europe's contributions to
the International Space Station.

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00:06:24,930 --> 00:06:28,550

>> Eric: Ok so the ATV, in terms of ATV,

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00:06:28,550 --> 00:06:32,280

the ATV can resupply the
station so we provide a service.

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00:06:32,280 --> 00:06:34,360

There's two parts to that.

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00:06:34,360 --> 00:06:40,710

First we can the ATV has the capability
to launch up to 4000 kilograms

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00:06:40,710 --> 00:06:43,900

of propellant and I'll come back to that.

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00:06:43,900 --> 00:06:50,280

We can launch water, we can launch gases like
nitrogen, oxygen and we can launch dry cargo.

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00:06:50,280 --> 00:06:59,660

It's right off his mate between all the elements
to make sure that we have the right amount

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00:06:59,660 --> 00:07:01,990

of propellant; versus right amount of dry cargo

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00:07:01,990 --> 00:07:04,980

and that we're not exceeding
our maximum loading.

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00:07:04,980 --> 00:07:13,170

Edoardo Amaldi will carry more
than six and a half tons of cargo.

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00:07:13,170 --> 00:07:21,060

The advantage we have of
ATV is that once we arrive

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00:07:21,060 --> 00:07:23,780

at the station we remain docked for 6 months.

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00:07:23,780 --> 00:07:31,790

Being docked for 6 months allows the crew
to basically use what's in the ATV as needed

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00:07:31,790 --> 00:07:36,910

and at the same time get rid of some
of the trash which exists in the ISS,

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00:07:36,910 --> 00:07:44,230

which is one other thing that ATV will do is
upon it's departure it will bring down more

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00:07:44,230 --> 00:07:51,680

than six tons of trash which will then
be destructed in the re-entry of the ATV.

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00:07:51,680 --> 00:07:54,750

Once we are attached there's another
[inaudible] to the station and that's where all

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00:07:54,750 --> 00:07:56,720

of this propellant comes in to play.

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00:07:56,720 --> 00:08:01,530

We carry propellant which we transfer directly to the Russian segment

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00:08:01,530 --> 00:08:08,950

but we also have propellant which we use for propulsive support of the ISS deck,

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00:08:08,950 --> 00:08:14,720

which means we will support, re-boost off the entire ISS deck.

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00:08:14,720 --> 00:08:20,480

We will support the [inaudible] maneuvers and as needed we can perform attitude control maneuvers

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00:08:20,480 --> 00:08:24,530

of the station using ATV thrusters.

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00:08:24,530 --> 00:08:32,510

So there is a kind of a large role the ATV has in the ISS and for us operationally

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00:08:32,510 --> 00:08:36,730

and again politically it's very important that we have this independent access

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00:08:36,730 --> 00:08:40,490

and that there are different vehicles that the ISS can rely on.

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00:08:40,490 --> 00:08:43,610

>> Amiko: So it not only is bringing up cargo it also is going

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00:08:43,610 --> 00:08:48,710

to add some space and also deliver trash back.

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00:08:48,710 --> 00:08:49,980

>> Eric: It's a very good point.

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00:08:49,980 --> 00:08:57,610

Once the ATV is attached to the space station it becomes an integral part of the ISS volume.

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00:08:57,610 --> 00:09:00,330

With the ATV, the pressurized compartment of the ATV adds

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00:09:00,330 --> 00:09:05,040

about 50 cubic meters of volume to the ISS

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00:09:05,040 --> 00:09:09,000

>>Amiko: And can you explain about what size is that just

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00:09:09,000 --> 00:09:13,800

to something that we can relate to here?

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00:09:13,800 --> 00:09:14,930

>> Eric: How big?

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00:09:14,930 --> 00:09:22,760

I would say its well something we can relate to it's hard to say but it's a bit smaller

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00:09:22,760 --> 00:09:25,930

than the Columbus module but that's what we're looking at.

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00:09:25,930 --> 00:09:33,820

>> Amiko: Ok great and like the size of a double decker bus I think is what we've we actually

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00:09:33,820 --> 00:09:35,990

have a diagram that's out right now.

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00:09:35,990 --> 00:09:41,970

So real quick also we have a question for you that came to us from Twitter

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00:09:41,970 --> 00:09:44,250

and we'll go ahead and ask that one for you now.

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00:09:44,250 --> 00:09:48,320

This comes to us from Data Chick;
they want to know what sort

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00:09:48,320 --> 00:09:52,090

of items will ATV 3 bring to the ISS?

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00:09:52,090 --> 00:09:57,710

>> Eric: Ok so I don't have a detailed list

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00:09:57,710 --> 00:10:00,550

of what we're bringing inside
in terms of dry cargo.

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00:10:00,550 --> 00:10:09,600

The dry cargo itself consists of scientist
resupply, there is logistic and maintenance,

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00:10:09,600 --> 00:10:17,150

there is re-supply items for the crew,
there's a variety of what we call dry cargo,

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00:10:17,150 --> 00:10:20,010

which items which are packed
in bags and loaded in the ATV.

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00:10:20,010 --> 00:10:26,110

The ATV has 8 racks in which
we can fill up all that cargo.

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00:10:26,110 --> 00:10:33,010

In addition to this cargo, we are bringing
up a amount of propellant which we will use

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00:10:33,010 --> 00:10:40,020

for the propulsive support, there's more than 2 tons, more than 3 tons sorry,

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00:10:40,020 --> 00:10:42,060

there's more than 2 tons of dry cargo.

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00:10:42,060 --> 00:10:48,050

We will bring up some water, about 280 kg of water, we will bring up propellant

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00:10:48,050 --> 00:10:56,280

to refuel the Russian segment tanks, cause I think it's so well known that the ATV docks

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00:10:56,280 --> 00:11:00,400

to the service module airport of the Russian segment.

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00:11:00,400 --> 00:11:11,030

There will be about 800 almost 900 kg and so let me see and then we'll bring up some gases

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00:11:11,030 --> 00:11:14,590

about 100 kg to re-supply the station.

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00:11:14,590 --> 00:11:15,840

>> Amiko: Ok great.

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00:11:15,840 --> 00:11:18,980

Well thank you so much for your time here and we really do appreciate all of your work

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00:11:18,980 --> 00:11:24,830

and I guess you'll be around for the launch of ATV 3 as well, following along.

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00:11:24,830 --> 00:11:25,820

>> Eric: I'll be here tomorrow night.